

Quebec City, March 30, 2021

By e-mail: keith.martin@cafii.com

Mr. Martin Boyle Canadian Association of Financial Institutions in Insurance 200-411 Richmond Street E Toronto, ON, M5A 3S5

Sir:

Client N°: 3001449692 Reference N°: 2032425050

Subject: Credit Card-Embedded / Included Insurance Benefits

This correspondence follows the July 2020, letters in which the Canadian Association of Financial Institutions (« CAFII ») and the Travel Health Insurance Association (« THIA ») presented their position to the Autorité des marchés financiers (the « AMF ») with respect to insurance products embedded in credit cards.

The AMF takes note of your concerns but cannot grant any exemption under its regulations. As already mentioned to CAFII, insurance products must be offered as provided for by the *Act respecting the distribution* of financial products and services ("Distribution Act"), that is, through duly certified insurance representatives or via the distribution without a representative ("DWR") regime. For the remainder of this letter, the AMF will assume that insurers who distribute insurance products embedded in credit cards chose the DWR regime.

Therefore, the AMF expects insurers to prepare product summaries that fully comply with the *Regulation respecting alternative distribution methods* (the « RADM »). These summaries must be given to consumers when they choose their credit card. We also expect insurers to complete an initial disclosure in accordance with section 20 of the RADM.

Appendix A provides some clarifications in response to the specific concerns that the industry raised in its previous communications.

Regarding your observations about the need to adjust some of the obligations to reflect the reality of insurance products embedded in credit cards, solutions could be presented by the stakeholders if the RADM is eventually reviewed. Until then, and as mentioned above, the requirements of the Distribution Act must be observed.

The AMF therefore expects that the insurers will fulfill the following before September 17, 2021:

- Disclose each product embedded in the credit cards under the DWR regime (one file per product);
- Make each product summary and a specimen of the policy or the insurance certificate accessible on their own website;

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Place de la Cité, tour Cominar 2640, boulevard Laurier, bureau 400 Québec (Québec) G1V 5C1 Téléphone : 418 525-0337 Télécopieur : 418 525-9512 Numéro sans frais : 1 877 525-0337 800, square Victoria, 22e étage C.P. 246, tour de la Bourse Montréal (Québec) H4Z 1G3 Téléphone : 514 395-0337 Télécopieur : 514 873-3090 Provide the AMF with an action plan to implement the delivery of the summary by their distributors to the clients, to train their distributors and to implement the necessary adjustments to their processes to comply with the Quebec laws and regulations.

Do not hesitate to contact the analyst in this matter, Ms. Charlène Boucher (charlene.boucher@lautorite.qc.ca) if you have any questions pertaining to the above.

Please note that this letter should not be construed by any insurers as a waiver by the AMF of its rights and recourses under any law or regulation for any other past, present or future breach by insurers.

Yours truly,

Mario Beaudoin

Director, Alternative Insurance Distribution Practices

APPENDIX A

Fact sheet and notice of resolution	The AMF cannot exempt insurers from the disclosures required by the law or regulation. According to the legislation, distributors are required to provide consumers with these documents. There are insurers offering credit card-embedded insurance products that have these documents delivered by distributors and to date, no issues have been brought to our attention by these insurers nor did we receive any complaint from consumers confused
	by the approach.
Initial disclosure	The AMF expects insurers to provide all the data required in the initial disclosure, that is: - the information required under section 66 of the <i>Insurers Act</i> ; - the name and contact information of the third party to which the insurer has entrusted the performance of the obligations of an insurer with respect to the distribution of a product through a distributor, if applicable; - the hyperlink or any other means to access the distributor's offer through the Internet, if applicable. - the contact information of the insurer's assistance service referred to in section 27 of the RADM.
	We note that overall, there are 2 main guarantees offered:
	 Insurance covering goods purchased with the credit card which includes contractual liability insurance assumed by the cardholder when renting a vehicle paid for with the card.
	This falls under the "credit card and debit card insurance" provided under section 424 (3) of the Distribution Act.
	2- Travel Insurance
	The AMF expects that Travel Insurance be disclosed under "Travel insurance". These products cannot be disclosed under "credit card and debit card insurance".
	For more specific questions regarding the disclosures, please do not hesitate to contact the analyst assigned to this file.
Annual disclosure	The AMF expects to receive all the following information:
	 The number of insurance policies and certificates issued, and the amount of premiums written;
	We assume that the credit card issuer pays an amount per credit cardholder for the insurance. Therefore, this amount should be considered a premium by the insurer.

The number of insurance policies and certificates issued corresponds to the new certificates only. 2- The number of claims and the amount of indemnities paid; 3- The number of rescissions and cancellations: You can enter the number of credit cards cancelled. 4- The remuneration paid to all distributors and third parties referred to in subparagraph 1 of the first paragraph of section 20 of the RADM. If the distributors are not paid, the answer is 0. **Delivery of the product** Consumers must receive the product summary when choosing their card, both in person and online. We expect consumers to receive the summary for the product they summary are interested in. Online, the summary can be provided to the consumer in a format that will allow he or she to keep it. The distributor does not have to send the summary to the consumer in a paper format, an electronic format is sufficient. For other means of communication with the consumer that do not allow the summary to be provided at the time of the offer, section 23 of the RADM applies. The person who should receive the summary is the person who chooses the card and requests it. **Examples of product** The AMF does not provide examples of summaries. However, if the industry wishes to use a standard format, we will be available to review it and provide general comments summaries on this template. Summaries must be prepared on a product-by-product basis. A consumer should also not receive a document containing explanations about products that have not been offered to him or her or that he or she has not chosen. There are products offered through DWR where more than one insurer underwrites the risk. This is not an issue. The important thing is that the information provided is clear and relevant to the consumer. A product that is underwritten by more than one insurer must be disclosed to the AMF by only one of the insurers, which will then list the second insurer as a secondary insurer. Please note that the summary must contain the names and contact information of all insurers who underwrite the product. Obligation to provide training Insurers have to train their distributors as required by the RADM. Credit unions, banks and financial institutions are distributors of other products offered through DWR. Insurers must train their credit card issuers in the same way as other distributors. We understand that the implementation of these trainings will not be done instantaneously. We therefore ask that you submit an action plan to this effect. In addition, the insurer must have an assistance service to answer distributors' questions for each product offered.

Presence of the summary on the insurer's website	Insurers must make their summaries accessible on their website. If more than one insurer underwrites the same product, each insurer must make it available on its website.
Information collected from consumers	We are uncertain as to what you are referring to.