## Agenda Item 5(i) February 25/20 EOC Teleconference Meeting

From: Keith Martin < Keith. Martin@cafii.com>

Sent: February 12, 2020 12:18 PM

To: Members of CAFII Credit Protection Insurance Industry Best Practices Working Group

Subject: CAFII Working Group on CPI Best Practices--Call for Volunteers for Workstream B on Sales

**Practices** 

Hello Members of the Working Group on Credit Protection Insurance Best Practices:

The Working Group on CPI Best Practices includes a Workstream B on sales practices. It was too large a Workstream, and the members of the Working Group became bogged down. As a result, I have reallocated the items into five sub-buckets, to make it more manageable, with a Workplan for each.

We have found / are finding leads for each of the five Workstreams, and are now looking for volunteers to participate in the five new Workstream B meetings. Please let Brendan, Natalie, and I know by end of this week if you can participate in one of these Workstreams:

Workstream B (1)

Sales Practices

Workstream B (2)

Sales Communication

Workstream B (3)

Post Sales Conduct

Workstream B (4)

Sales Practices Controls and Training Including in Different Channels

Workstream B (5)

Sales Practices -- Cancellations of Policies / Conflicts of Interest (From Workstream C)

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## Workstream B (1)

## Sales Practices

## Workstream B (1) Members

Name	Member Company
Martin Boyle, Lead	BMO Insurance

## **Recommended Approach**

- Identify a leader for this Workstream B(1)—will reach out to this person and ask if they agree
- Get buy in to the Workplan
- Ask members of the Best Practices Working Group to volunteer for this Workstream

## Features of Workstream B(1)

- Focus on sales practices
- Will overlap with the other Workstream B groups as this touches on all aspects of Workstream B

## Workplan

- When members of the Workstream are finalized, **two** one-hour meetings to be called to make progress on this sub-group.
- After all Workstream B sub-groups have had their meetings, a meeting will be called of all members of Workstream B. Each Workstream B sub-group will present at this meeting on its progress, with the objective of developing a consolidated plan.

## **Recommended Leader**

Martin Boyle

# Workstream B (1) Sales Practices Background Content

Develop a summary of the sales practices used by CAFII members, for the Working Group's review re possible inclusion in a best practices document.

Findings; Sales culture, from the FCAC Domestic Bank Retails Sales Practices Review, Page 6: "...The lack of transparency about sales targets and commissions makes it difficult for consumers to determine in whose interest bank employees are acting when one product is recommended over another."

Focus on "recommend one product over another" Are not "recommending" products, need established by loan No advice built into these products Don't focus on sales targets; have there been other things built into the sales process? Cancellation of sales can be a signal that sales process was not right Everyone has compliance metrics for their reps Challenge idea that commissions and targets mean there is a problem What did the banks say to the FCAC on this point? **SEND SALES PRACTICES TO KEITH** 

Remind regulators that the "free look" period is shared in the welcome package they receive after enrolling for coverage. In the Action Item section on using better terminology, change "fee look period" to "review period." Commit to a regular communication with customers of what they had signed up for, what it covered them for, and what

Creditor Insurance; Reconfirmation of Purchase/Enrolment after "free look" period, from Financial Consumer Agency of Canada (FCAC)'s Domestic Bank Retail Sales Practices Review, p. 14: "However, it is important to highlight that banks are not required to ask consumers to reconfirm their consent for acquisition of the product after the initial 30-day period (free look period)."

#33
NEW MEETING 17 OCT
2019 ROB DOBBINS;
SCOTT KIRBY; KEITH
MARTIN; MARIE
NADEAU; SHARON APT
This is not something we
do. It is covered by the
commitment made
around regular
communication.

Marie Nadeau to send to

Keith

they were paying for the coverage. Commit that industry will not use the review period as a selling tool and that scripts and sales training will continue to emphasize that.

The industry commits to not

Creditor Insurance; Consumer risks associated with creditor insurance, from Financial Consumer Agency of Canada (FCAC)'s Domestic Bank Retail Sales Practices Review, p. 14: "... Bank employees may sell creditor insurance to post-secondary students to go along with a personal line of credit but neglect to inform them that they need to work a minimum number of hours for the coverage to be in force."

#34 and #35
Life cycle issue, coverage
could change as life
circumstances change.
Working Group members
will be asked to offer
examples of filters, like
age, that remove people
who are not eligible for
coverage.

enrolling customers who are not eligible for the coverage. The industry should look at additional disclosures and filters to avoid signing up customers for coverage for which they are not eligible. The industry could look at sharing with regulators industry's eligibility criteria. There should be an effort to come up with a common definition of "resident of Canada."

Improved Sales Practices, from Australian Securities & Investments Commission's "Consumer credit insurance" report, Report 622, July 2019, pp. 4, 13-16: "Lenders should use 'hard filters' for key eligibility criteria for online sales and 'knock out' questions in scripts for phone and branch sales to prevent the sale of CPI to consumers who are ineligible to claim primary cover."

Set out clearly for the regulators the current industry practices, including the where, when and how of current communication. Challenge this statement, noting that all training and scripts emphasize the optional nature of balance protection insurance and this statement does not reflect how CAFII members' sell this product. Where a sales person deviates from these expectations, it is taken very seriously, viewed as rogue

Creditor Insurance; Consumer risks associated with creditor insurance, from Financial Consumer Agency of Canada (FCAC)'s Domestic Bank Retail Sales Practices Review, p. 14: "... Front-line employees may sell creditor insurance by advising consumers that "the credit card comes with balance protection," which may give consumers the impression that creditor insurance is a card feature, as opposed to what it really is: a separate and optional product."

## #36

Provide examples of our practices. Look at ways to present this and what to avoid in terms of language. Do not believe this is a systemic issue.

behaviour, and is dealt with immediately. Set out how industry discloses clearly and consistently the optional nature of this coverage.

See Item #36. Look at whether there are terminology changes in this section that industry should consider.

Creditor Insurance; Consumer risks associated with creditor insurance, from Financial Consumer Agency of Canada (FCAC)'s Domestic Bank Retail Sales Practices Review, p. 14: "Bank employees may try to persuade consumers to purchase creditor insurance by failing to provide clear information about the 30day first-look feature. For example, when consumers ask questions about coverage exclusions, bank employees may encourage them to purchase the product on a trial basis in order to obtain an information package, even though the information is available without purchase. During the review, the FCAC found that some consumers forget to cancel the product and incur premium payments."

#37

This represents a biased view. Industry is operating appropriately. It is not necessary to continuously repeat that the customer can cancel.

"Free look" term is problematic. Need to take on new terms, perhaps with other members from other workstreams. Ask the rest of the group if anyone would like to take this on.

Should we speak of a "30 day return period" or "30 day cancellation period"? Or 30 day review period?

## Workstream B (2)

Sales Communication

Workstream B (2) Members

Name	Member Company
TO BE CONFIRMED	

## **Recommended Approach**

- Identify a leader for this Workstream B(2)—will reach out to this person and ask if they agree
- Get buy in to the Workplan
- Ask members of the Best Practices Working Group to volunteer for this Workstream

## Features of Workstream B(1)

- Focus on sales communication-how do we communicate with our customers?
- A key issue is how prescriptive we wish to be—do we say "communicate regularly" or "communicate no less than once a year with clear information on how to cancel a policy if you no longer wish to keep it"?

## **Workplan**

- When members of the Workstream are finalized, **one** one-hour meeting to be called to make progress on this sub-group.
- After all Workstream B sub-groups have had their meetings, a meeting will be called of all members of Workstream B. Each Workstream B sub-group will present at this meeting on its progress, with the objective of developing a consolidated plan.

## **Recommended Leader**

TO BE CONFIRMED

Workstream B (2)
Sales Communication
Background Content

## **Sales Communication**

Sales Communication		
Develop a regular	Improved Post-Sales Conduct, from	21
communication to customers	Australian Securities & Investments	Do something every two
and include this in that	Commission's "Consumer credit	years?
effort.	insurance" report, Report 622, July 2019,	
	pp. 4, 13-16: "Lenders and insurers	What should be in the
	should give consumers appropriate	communication?
	annual communication about the price,	
	limits and exclusions of the policy and	What is format/channel?
	remind them to lodge a claim if they had	
	a claimable event in the past 12 months."	"Leave the method and
		timeliness flexible for
		firms"
		LET'S SAY ONE YEAR
		MAKES SENSE
		Dan't procesibe the
		Don't prescribe the
		communication method
		Perhaps say "clear, with
		opportunity to cancel
		easily"
Develop a regular	Improved Post-Sales Conduct, from	22
communication to customers	Australian Securities & Investments	SEE 21
and include this in that	Commission's "Consumer credit	366 21
effort, but do not ask	insurance" report, Report 622, July 2019,	
customers if they want to	pp. 4, 13-16: "Lenders and insurers	
cancel their policy.	should, every two years, contact	
cancer their policy.	consumer with CPI on a credit card (or	
	other revolving lines of credit) about	
	whether they want to keep their policy or	
	cancel their coverage."	
	cancer then coverage.	

## Workstream B (3)

Post Sales Conduct

## Workstream B (3) Members

Name	Member Company
Rob Dobbins, Lead	Assurant

## **Recommended Approach**

- Identify a leader for this Workstream B(3)—will reach out to this person and ask if they agree
- Get buy in to the Workplan
- Ask members of the Best Practices Working Group to volunteer for this Workstream

## Features of Workstream B(3)

- Focus on post sales conduct
- Will overlap with the other Workstream B groups but need to emphasize the process after the sale is complete—what are the special features around post-sales conduct, including claims?

## Workplan

- When members of the Workstream are finalized, **two** one-hour meetings to be called to make progress on this sub-group.
- After all Workstream B sub-groups have had their meetings, a meeting will be called of all members of Workstream B. Each Workstream B sub-group will present at this meeting on its progress, with the objective of developing a consolidated plan.

## **Recommended Leader**

Rob Dobbins

Workstream B (3)
Post Sales Conduct
Background Content

## **Post Sales Conduct**

practic lines of becon custor insura sugge	op wording for a best ces guideline along the of: "If a distributor nes aware of a mer with a possible able event they should st that they contact insurer."	Improved Post-Sales Conduct, from Australian Securities & Investments Commission's "Consumer credit insurance" report, Report 622, July 2019, pp. 4, 13-16: "Lenders should notify a consumer with a CPI policy who applies for changes to their loan contract due to financial hardship that they have a CPI policy and provide or transfer their claim details to the insurer for assessment."	Getting something in the annual communication reminding people of claimable events  Make this part of the annual communication  Marie will see how this works in NBI
will co requir and re denied of suc	idustry supports and omply with the rement to accurately eliably record claims d including the number th claims and the ns why.	Improved Post-Sales Conduct, from Australian Securities & Investments Commission's "Consumer credit insurance" report, Report 622, July 2019, pp. 4, 13-16: "Insurers should accurately and reliably record the number of (and reasons for) withdrawn claims and claims that did not proceed."	24 What does withdrawn mean? Voiding policy issue Reasons for denial

Explore ways in which to ensure customers who sign up for a product are eligible to make a claim on it, and identify what the industry could commit to — in terms of a high-level principle or best practice — that would improve regulators' comfort that customers are not being enrolled in products for which they are not able to make a claim.

Improved Sales Practices, from Australian Securities & Investments Commission's "Consumer credit insurance" report, Report 622, July 2019, pp. 4, 13-16: "Lenders should take into account information they have about the consumer to ensure consumers are not being sold a CPI policy where they are ineligible to claim (this does not have to mean that personal advice is being provided)."

#48

Working group

See sections 23, 34 and 35

## Workstream B (4)

Sales Practices Controls and Training Including in Different Channels

## Workstream B (4) Members

Name	Member Company
Karyn Kasperski	RBC Insurance

## **Recommended Approach**

- Identify a leader for this Workstream B(4)—will reach out to this person and ask if they agree
- Get buy in to the Workplan
- Ask members of the Best Practices Working Group to volunteer for this Workstream

## Features of Workstream B(4)

- Focus on controls and training
- Emphasis on process and procedures

## Workplan

- When members of the Workstream are finalized, **two** one-hour meetings to be called to make progress on this sub-group.
- After all Workstream B sub-groups have had their meetings, a meeting will be called of all members of Workstream B. Each Workstream B sub-group will present at this meeting on its progress, with the objective of developing a consolidated plan.

## **Recommended Leader**

Karyn Kasperski

## Workstream B (4)

## <u>Sales Practices Controls and Training Including in Different Channels</u> **Background Content**

## Sales Practices Controls and Training Including in Different Channels

Document the procedures and controls used by insurers and intermediaries, including front end controls, competency development, training and education, scripting, and monitoring and controls. Note that where improper behaviour is identified, it is dealt with immediately. Listening to small numbers of calls can identify broader issues that can be dealt with immediately. The industry could also update and enhance training based on expanded regulatory expectations. We should also tie remediation to the fair treatment of customers.

Creditor Insurance; Controls for creditor insurance sales practices; Scripts and cues, from Financial Consumer Agency of Canada (FCAC)'s Domestic Bank Retail Sales Practices Review, p. 15: "... Banks do not have adequate controls in place to ensure employees follow scripts, clearly explain terms and conditions, and avoid using undue sales pressure. Oversight is greater in call centres where calls are recorded, but only a very small number are reviewed for compliance with the bank's code of conduct and market conduct obligations. In the branch environment, banks largely rely on branch managers, assistants and supervisors to prevent mis-selling."

#38 Working group

Follow cancellation rates in order to reinforce training in branches where cancellation rates are higher.

Robust training programs and-Certification of training

(face to face selling harder to monitor than sales through call centers in the absence of recording)

MYSTERY SHOPPING? WHO WOULD DO IT?

Develop best practices guidelines to address each of these specific expectations.

Controls for sales practices; Telephone channel, from Financial Consumer Agency of Canada (FCAC)'s Domestic Bank Retail Sales Practices Review, pp. 20-21: "... FCAC found that in bank call centres where employees take1,400 calls per month, generally up to 4 calls are reviewed for quality assurance purposes. . . . Banks should review a higher number and larger proportion of calls for quality assurance. Implementing voice analytic technology could reduce the costs associated with reviewing more calls. In addition, call selection should be riskbased instead of random. When sales practices issues are identified during call reviews, banks should perform significantly more root-cause analyses."

#39

Working group Call selection should be risk based instead of random

Quality of sampling should be prioritized to quantity for monitoring.

Smaller samples could be reviewed more regularly

Oversight should focus on risk items.

QUALITY NOT QUANTITY IS WHAT IS IMPORTANT

The industry should commit to ongoing competency development. It was felt that instead of certification, there could be a commitment to industry standards around member courses. Industry could commit to ongoing training and to knowledge retention testing. Industry could commit to strengthened training.

Creditor insurance; controls for creditor insurance sales practices; Training, from Financial Consumer Agency of Canada (FCAC)'s Domestic Bank Retail Sales Practices Review, p. 15: "The review revealed that bank employees are not always adequately informed or knowledgeable about creditor insurance products. . . . During FCAC branch visits, employees provided inaccurate and incomplete information about the benefits, coverage and exclusions associated with creditor insurance when answering questions about how they sell the product. FCAC is of the view that there is room to strengthen the training of front-line staff.

#40 Working group

Group agrees that appropriate training should be strengthened

Create a high-level principle around the assertion that all employees must be trained and monitored around sales practices, and only acceptable and appropriate sales practices will be practiced.

Cross-Selling, from Financial Consumer
Agency of Canada (FCAC)'s Domestic
Bank Retail Sales Practices Review, pp.
11-12: "Banks' heightened focus on crossselling may increase the risk that they will
fail to obtain consumers' express consent.
... increases the risk that bank
employees will feel rushed and not
communicate in a manner that is clear,
simple and not misleading when
obtaining a consumer's consent."

#43 Working group

See section 38.

Identify and detail a list of actions which organizations can take to ensure express consent is obtained, across all applicable channels, for possible inclusion in a high-level principle or best practice.

Controls for Cross-Selling Risk/Consent, from Financial Consumer Agency of Canada (FCAC)'s Domestic Bank Retail Sales Practices Review, p. 12: "The controls in place to ensure banks obtain consumers' consent through communication that is clear, simple and not misleading are typically weaker in the branch channel when compared to call centre operations. . . . In branches, managers and customer service supervisors are responsible for ensuring that employees read the scripts and cues. However, FCAC found that branch managers and supervisors are not wellpositioned to ensure that express consent is always obtained in the prescribed manner."

Working group

See section 38.

Follow cancellation rates and reinforce training if required in branches where rates are higher Monitoring could be accomplished by mystery client tool. Monitoring could be accomplished by Internal audit or other sector of branch/insurer.

Relegate this item to the "Not Applicable" section, as while the industry is in agreement that quality express consent is required, pre-consent to even broach making an offer of credit protection insurance to a consumer is not applicable to the Canadian market/industry context.

Improved Sales Practices/Consent, from Australian Securities & Investments Commission's "Consumer credit insurance" report, Report 622, July 2019, pp. 4, 13-16: "Lenders should obtain and record positive, clear and informed consent before discussing the sale of CPI with a consumer." #45 Working group

Will not comment.

Research best practices around call calibration including level of sample size, and explore committing industry to those best practices. Examine whether there are cases where certain products are not appropriate for certain customers, and whether that is something we would feel able to commit to including in our sales practices.

Controls for Cross-Selling Risk, from Financial Consumer Agency of Canada (FCAC)'s Domestic Bank Retail Sales Practices Review, pp. 12-13: "Banks record most conversations between consumers and call centre employees, which allows them to review transactions to verify whether employees are following the scripts and properly obtaining the consent of consumers. However, the review revealed that banks examine only a relatively small number of calls – too few, in fact, to provide a highlevel of confidence that individual call centre employees are in compliance with policies and procedures related to obtaining consent."

#46

Working group

This section is similar to sections 38 and 39.

Risk based approach to selection of calls should prioritized (the fact that an employee knows he/she might be listened to will ensure better service).

Depending on concerns, scripts can be enhanced or employee retrained.

## Workstream B (5)

Sales Practices -- Cancellations of Policies / Conflicts of Interest (From Workstream C)

## Workstream B (5) Members

Name	Member Company
TO BE CONFIRMED	
Sharon Apt, volunteer	Canada Life

## **Recommended Approach**

- Identify a leader for this Workstream B(5)—will reach out to this person and ask if they agree
- Get buy in to the Workplan
- Ask members of the Best Practices Working Group to volunteer for this Workstream

## Features of Workstream B(5)

· Focus on cancelling policies and managing conflicts of interest

## **Workplan**

- When members of the Workstream are finalized, **one** one-hour meetings to be called to make progress on this sub-group.
- After all Workstream B sub-groups have had their meetings, a meeting will be called of all members of Workstream B. Each Workstream B sub-group will present at this meeting on its progress, with the objective of developing a consolidated plan.

## **Recommended Leader**

TO BE CONFIRMED

## **Participants**

Sharon Apt

## Workstream B (5)

# <u>Sales Practices -- Cancellations of Policies / Conflicts of Interest (From Workstream C)</u> <u>Background Content</u>

## Sales Practices -- Cancellations of Policies / Conflicts of Interest (From Workstream C)

	of Policies / Conflicts of Interest (From Wo	1
Explore applying a form of		#41
Quebec's RADM S35 as an	Creditor Insurance; Controls for creditor	
industry practice, or	insurance sales practices; Claw backs	Working group
alternatively explore	from Financial Consumer Agency of	
clawbacks of commissions	Canada (FCAC)'s Domestic Bank Retail	Group agrees that data
when certain cancellation	Sales Practices Review, p. 15: "Banks	analysis is already done
thresholds are met.	gather some data on cancellation rates,	by branches/insurer and
	but they may not necessarily reflect	might not need to be
	instances of mis-selling as consumers	increased.
	may cancel the insurance for other	
	reasons. Further analysis of cancellations	Nevertheless, group
	by banks would enable the data to be	suggests increasing the
	used to monitor, identify and address	use of data cancellation
	sales practices risk."	to identify and address
		sales practices risks.
Develop a checklist of what	Conflicts of Interest, from the	5
to avoid in the area of	CCIR/CISRO FTC Guidance, pp. 14-15:	
conflicts of interest, and how	"CCIR and CISRO expect that any	
to avoid those issues, for the	potential or actual conflicts of interest	
Working Group's review re	be avoided or properly managed and	
possible inclusion in a best	not affect the fair treatment of	
practices document.	Customers."	
Review possible non-financial	Performance management; Non-	#49
incentives that could be used	financial incentives and Sales targets;	
to motivate sales forces, for	Scorecards, from Financial Consumer	
possible inclusion in a high-	Agency of Canada (FCAC)'s Domestic	
level principle or industry	Bank Retail Sales Practices Review, pp.	
best practice.	8-10: "When properly designed, non-	
	financial incentives can promote good	
	sales practices and behaviours. The	
	review identified opportunities for	
	banks to significantly enhance the	
	design, monitoring and oversight of	
	non-financial rewards programs.	
	ja	
	a number of banks have introduced,	
	or are testing, activity-based targets to	
	complement sales targets. This can	
	mitigate the risk of mis-selling, as	
	magate the risk of this sening, as	

- employees are recognized for salesrelated activities even in circumstances where consumers choose not to purchase any products or services.
- ... Some banks have taken steps to integrate more team-based sales targets, which may mitigate the risk of mis-selling by reducing the pressure on individual employees to sell products and services.
- ... Product-neutral sales targets could greatly mitigate the risk of mis-selling financial products and services to consumers.
- ... Banks point to balanced scorecards as a key control to mitigate the risk of mis-selling and breaching market conduct obligations. In practice, however, the metrics used to assess an employee's sales results tend to be significantly more robust than those used to assess other areas of performance."

## Workstream C

Workstream #3 Incentives, Conflicts of Interest; and #4 Outsourcing Items #5, 49; and #7, 42

UPDATE 17 October 17, 2019

Discussed merging work stream C (incentives and conflict of interest) with work stream B (move outsourcing to another work stream)

- Some overlap
- o Issues like measures, complaints, cancellation & controls can be linked

Discuss non-financial incentives \*

- Come up with a list of non-financial incentives (e.g. training, bonus)
- Reward performance review for good behavior
- Consider the use of surveys

Discussed providing commentary on the consequences of bad behavior

Arrive at standard metrics to monitor (KRI's)

Discussed whether similar measures should be applied to the branches vs. call centres

Look at competences

#### What does success look like?

Code of conduct or issue a consumer document on proper behavior / expectations of the consumer (role of seller & buyer)

## Outsourcing

Applies to all outsourcing arrangements including insurers

- Criteria
- Reporting
- Selection
- KRIs
- SLA
- Identify what is quality service
- Follow compliance and regulation
- Ownership of data

## **Next steps**

Ask for an insurer to join the group on outsourcing, merge incentives and conflict of interest with Workstream 2

**7 November 2019**—

<sup>\*</sup>consider soliciting the group for a list of non-financial incentives.

B and Incentives will be merged
Outsourcing will be branched off and we need to get an insurer and SME
ASKING FOR 2 INSURERS
Sharon Apt will do it or find someone
Monika Spudas will get back to us

# SHARON AND MONIKA WILL WORK ON OUTSOURCING FOR THE WORKPLAN NEXT STEP IS TO DEVELOP THE OUTSOURCING WORKPLAN SEE #7

After workplan is developed need to ask for volunteers again

## **Workstream C Members**

Name	Member Company	
Greg Caers	BMO Insurance	
Marie Nadeau	National Bank Insurance	
Monika Spudas	Manulife	
Sharon Apt	Canada Life	
Keith Martin	CAFII	

Action Item	Wording Excerpt Reference From 3	Number Reference, 3
	October, 2019 Thought Starter	October Thought Starter
Develop a checklist of what	Conflicts of Interest, from the	5
to avoid in the area of	CCIR/CISRO FTC Guidance, pp. 14-15:	
conflicts of interest, and how	"CCIR and CISRO expect that any	
to avoid those issues, for the	potential or actual conflicts of interest	
Working Group's review re	be avoided or properly managed and	
possible inclusion in a best	not affect the fair treatment of	
practices document.	Customers."	
B. S. Sandaria	D. C	
Review possible non-financial	Performance management; Non-	#49
incentives that could be used	financial incentives and Sales targets;	
to motivate sales forces, for	Scorecards, from Financial Consumer	
possible inclusion in a high-	Agency of Canada (FCAC)'s Domestic	
level principle or industry	Bank Retail Sales Practices Review, pp.	
best practice.	8-10: "When properly designed, non-	
	financial incentives can promote good	
	sales practices and behaviours. The	
	review identified opportunities for	
	banks to significantly enhance the	
	design, monitoring and oversight of	
	non-financial rewards programs.	
	a number of banks have introduced,	
	or are testing, activity-based targets to	
	complement sales targets. This can	
	mitigate the risk of mis-selling, as	

<del>-</del>	
employees are recognized for sales- related activities even in circumstances	
where consumers choose not to	
purchase any products or services.	
Some banks have taken steps to integrate more team-based sales targets, which may mitigate the risk of mis-selling by reducing the pressure on individual employees to sell products and services.	
Product-neutral sales targets could greatly mitigate the risk of mis-selling financial products and services to consumers.	
Banks point to balanced scorecards as a key control to mitigate the risk of mis-selling and breaching market conduct obligations. In practice, however, the metrics used to assess an employee's sales results tend to be significantly more robust than those used to assess other areas of performance."	
	related activities even in circumstances where consumers choose not to purchase any products or services.  Some banks have taken steps to integrate more team-based sales targets, which may mitigate the risk of mis-selling by reducing the pressure on individual employees to sell products and services.  Product-neutral sales targets could greatly mitigate the risk of mis-selling financial products and services to consumers.  Banks point to balanced scorecards as a key control to mitigate the risk of mis-selling and breaching market conduct obligations. In practice, however, the metrics used to assess an employee's sales results tend to be significantly more robust than those used to assess other areas of

Action Item	Wording Excerpt Reference From 3	Number Reference, 3
	October, 2019 Thought Starter	October Thought Starter
Develop a best practices	Outsourcing, from CCIR / CISRO FTC	7
statement on outsourcing,	Guidance, pp. 16-17: "CCIR and CISRO	CBA has an authorized
which is precise but not	expect that functions related to conduct	insurance products code
overly prescriptive, for the	of insurance business outsourced to	of conduct
Working Group's review re	service providers do not hinder the	
possible inclusion in a best	quality of services or jeopardize the	
practices document.	Insurer's or the Intermediary's ability to	
	achieve fair treatment of Customers."	
Create a high-level principle	Creditor Insurance; Controls for creditor	42
around the assertion that the	insurance sales practices; Third-party	
industry must have the same	sellers, from Financial Consumer Agency	
oversight over third-party	of Canada (FCAC)'s Domestic Bank Retail	
sellers as it does over	Sales Practices Review, pp. 15-16:	
internal sales forces. In	"General, re litany of FCAC concerns re	
principle, the oversight	"Consumer risks associated with third-	
should/must not be weaker	party sellers"; in particular "bank	

## WORKSTREAMS FOR CAFII CREDIT PROTECTION INSURANCE INDUSTRY BEST PRACTICES WORKING GROUP

externally than it is	oversight of third-party sellers remains	
internally.	underdeveloped and weaker than the	
	oversight exercised over their own sales	
	operations. Considering the elevated risk	
	posed by third-party sellers, banks	
	would benefit from buttressing their	
	oversight of third-party sellers."	

## Workstream D

Workstream #5 Product Design Items #8, 10, 13

## **Workstream D Members**

Name	Member Company
Joanna Onia	CIBC Insurance
Parminder Rai	CIBC Insurance
Luce Doyon	National Bank Insurance
Michelle Costello	CUMIS/The Co-Operators
Martin Boyle	BMO Insurance
Brendan Wycks	CAFII

## **Spokesperson Joanna Onia**

#### **UPDATE FROM JOANNA NOV 1 2019**

Hi Keith- Thank you for your email, its timely as Parm and I had a chance to share our working groups draft with senior stakeholders internally for their feedback.

What came out quite strong was as part of our product design analysis can we include direct recommendations for product design (perhaps this could flow after the value section),

Some examples that came up in discussion were things like: 'Should there be a guiding principles created around what as an industry we should do (i.e. creditor protection products being unbundled) vs. product design principles that we should not undertake/touch because they are not broken (benefits offered as an example)

It would be great to get a sense from the working group if we think we can push our thinking and create principles specific to the intrinsic product design. If we can get on a call next week that would be great. I am away on the 7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> so unfortunately will not be able to provide an update, however can provide an email update that perhaps Brendan could share in my absence.

Also I wanted to inform the working group that Parm is on paternity leave effective today, and will be away for the next couple of months, we are down a resource but I am looking at securing a replacement from our team to assist as a product advisor.

Thank you

Joanna

#### **7 November 2019**

Andrea, Martin, Monika all were concerned about suggesting that bundling is a problem Should push back on that

Need to respond to what the consumer wants

"let's not paint members into a corner"

Keith noted that regulators are raising bundling more so we may want to think about how we want to respond to any such concerns

Action Item	Wording Excerpt Reference From 3	Number Reference, 3
	October, 2019 Thought Starter	October Thought Starter
Develop high-level wording	Product Design, from CCIR/CISRO FTC	8
around what a creditor	Guidance, pp. 18-19: "CCIR and CISRO	
insurance product is intended to	expect that the design of a new	
do, with an explanation of how	insurance product or significant	
products are designed, for the	adaptations made to an existing	
Working Group's review re	product take into account the interests	
possible inclusion in a best	of the target Consumers' group."	
practices document.		
Develop a glossary of terms that	Improved Product Design and Value	10
the industry uses that could be	(unbundling), from Australian	
better positioned, with	Securities & Investments Commission's	
suggested alternatives, for the	"Consumer credit insurance" report,	
Working Group's review re	Report 622, July 2019, pp. 4, 10-12:	
possible inclusion in a best	"CPI products should be unbundled so	
practices document.	that consumers can select coverage	
	they are eligible to use and that meets	
	their needs."	
Develop wording around the	Improved Product Design and Value,	13
value of credit protection	from Australian Securities &	
insurance products for	Investments Commission's "Consumer	
consumers, for the Working	credit insurance" report, Report 622,	
Group's review re possible	July 2019, pp. 4, 10-12: "Benefits	
inclusion in a best practices	should reflect the needs of consumers	
document.	(e.g. payments for periods of	
	unemployment rather than arbitrary	
	limits)."	

## Workstream E

Workstream #1 Governance and Culture; #6 Distribution Strategies and Consent; and #7 Disclosures and Consent; and #8 Product Promotion and Advertising Items #14; and #15, 18; and #18, 19

## **Workstream E Members**

Name	Member Company
Brad Kuiper	ScotiaLife Financial
Rebecca Saburi	BMO Insurance
Karyn Kasperski	RBC Insurance
Monika Spudas	Manulife Financial
Jeremy Flanagan	TD Insurance
Brendan Wycks	CAFII

## Karyn Kasperski Spokesperson

## **UPDATE BY KARYN KASPERSKY—9 January 2020**

CAFII Workstream E - Draft Guiding Principles

- 1. Reference item #15 "CCIR/CISRO expect that a Customer is given appropriate information to make an informed decision before entering into a contract"
  - a. Agreement on draft Guiding Principle to be brought forward to Working Group As a best practice, all members will provide a summary (associated with the product the consumer is considering) of the coverage, exclusions and any limitations in clear, simple language such that an informed decision before entering into a contract.
  - b. Action item Brendan to obtain permission and then provide a copy to this working group of one of members' product summary under development
- 2. Reference item #14 Support the concept of "quality consent" that is equally met in each channel, with the following criteria: Question posed to a client for a product or service provided with the ability to decline; Use language and be presented in a way that the offer is clear to the client(s), with an affirmative response received from the client.
  - a. Agreement on draft Guiding Principle As a best practice, all members will, prior to a consumer entering into a contract, articulate a clear request for consent prior to enrollment. The question should be presented in a way that is clear to the client with a clear affirmative response received. Suggestions for clear questions (discussion with Working Group should these be part of the guiding principle)?
    - i. Bradley Kuiper (Scotiabank) provided the question his organization is working with "Do you understand and agree that you are applying for optional (Product/Product Name) and consent to have the product set up for you?"
    - ii. Suggestion #2 Do you agree and consent to enroll based on terms and conditions I have provided you?"
  - b. Suggestions for clear affirmative response received (discussion with Working Group should these be part of the guiding principle)? "yes", "yeah", "OK", "I agree"

- c. **Discussion with Working Group** if the clear affirmative response is not provided, clarification must be obtained from the client with the affirmative response Example "In order to proceed, I require an affirmative response of either "yes", "OK" or "I agree"
- 3. Reference item #18, #19 "CCIR and CISRO expect that product promotional material is accurate, clear, not misleading and consistent with the result reasonably expected to be achieved by the Customer of the product"
  - a. Agreement on draft Guiding Principle "All members as a best practice are expected to develop and maintain policies, procedures and controls around promotional messages developed and ensured they are reviewed and adhere to applicable laws and regulations regarding fair representation of products".

The policies, procedures and controls would include a 2<sup>nd</sup> line review and approval by Legal and/or Compliance to ensure accuracy and clarity of the product being promoted.

- 4. Reference item #1 "CCIR and CISRO expect fair treatment of Customers to be a core component of the governance and business culture of insurers and intermediaries"
  - a. Agreement on draft guiding principle comments are welcome here. "All members as a best practice are expected to develop and maintain policies, procedures and controls around fair treatment of customers. This will include but not be limited to proactively seeking feedback from customers on their purchase experience, making clients aware of how to make and escalate concerns within a financial institution if they feel they have been treated unfairly in any dealings with staff or are concerned about the product they have received."

## 7 June 2019

AMF Product Summary—should we offer this to consumer throughout the country? Bundling versus unbundling issue

How deal with a student in a bundled product that includes job loss? May not qualify for some components. Should the offer even be made if they cannot qualify for certain benefits based on their circumstances?

Item #14 is next to be discussed

May need to discuss Certificate of Insurance

Martin—instead of AMF Summary, why not look at certificate?

Action Item	Wording Excerpt Reference From 3	Number Reference, 3
	October, 2019 Thought Starter	October Thought Starter
Develop some options around	Governance and Business Culture,	1
possible high-level wording	from the CCIR/CISRO FTC Guidance,	
related to business culture, for	Page 13: "CCIR and CISRO expect fair	
the Working Group's review re	treatment of Customers to be a core	
possible inclusion in a best	component of the governance and	
practices document.	business culture of insurers and	
	intermediaries."	
Support the concept of "quality	Distribution Strategies, from CCIR /	14
consent" that is equally met in	CISRO FTC Guidance, p. 21: "CCIR and	
each channel, with the following	CISRO expect that distribution	

criteria: Question posed to a client for a product or service provided with the ability to decline; Use language and be presented in a way that the offer is clear to the client(s), with; An affirmative response received from the client(s).	strategies are tailored to the product, consider the interests of the targeted Consumer groups and result in consistent Consumer protections independently of the distribution model chosen."	
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Action Item	Wording Excerpt Reference From 3	Number Reference, 3
	October, 2019 Thought Starter	October Thought Starter
Action Item for #18 applies to	Distribution Strategies, from CCIR /	15
this item as well.	CISRO FTC Guidance, p. 21: "CCIR and	
	CISRO expect that a Customer is given	
CROSS REFERENCE TO #18	appropriate information to make an	
	informed decision before entering into	
	a contract."	
Industry agrees fully with these	Product Promotion, from CCIR/CISRO	18
principles and will adhere to	FTC Guidance, p. 22: "CCIR and CISRO	19
them.	expect that product promotional	
	material is accurate, clear, not	
CROSS REFERENCE TO #15	misleading and consistent with the	
	result reasonably expected to be	
ITEM #18 ALSO IN	achieved by the Customer of the	
WORKSTREAM #7 PRODUCT	product."	
PROMOTION AND		
<u>ADVERTISING</u>	Product Advertising, from AMF Sound	
	Commercial Practices Guideline, p. 16:	
	"The AMF expects that product	
	advertising is accurate, clear and not	
	misleading."	

Action Item	Wording Excerpt Reference From 3	Number Reference, 3
	October, 2019 Thought Starter	October Thought Starter
Industry agrees fully with these	Product Promotion, from CCIR/CISRO	18
principles and will adhere to	FTC Guidance, p. 22: "CCIR and CISRO	19
them.	expect that product promotional	
	material is accurate, clear, not	
CROSS REFERENCE TO #15	misleading and consistent with the	
	result reasonably expected to be	
	achieved by the Customer of the	
	product."	

## WORKSTREAMS FOR CAFII CREDIT PROTECTION INSURANCE INDUSTRY BEST PRACTICES WORKING GROUP

Product Advertising, from AMF Sound	
Commercial Practices Guideline, p. 16:	
"The AMF expects that product	
advertising is accurate, clear and not	
misleading."	

## Workstream F

Workstream #10 Claims; and #11 Complaints Handling

Items #25, 26; and #27, 28, 29

## Workstream F Members—Karyn and Rob to Co-Chair; Rob to be Spokesperson

Name	Member Company
Rob Dobbins	Assurant
Karyn Kasperski	RBC Insurance
Keith Martin	CAFII
Jamie Paradis	BMO Insurance
Isabelle West	BMO Insurance

#### NEED AN SME TO JOIN GROUP

## 8 January 2020

Let's try to get some SLAs

Could try to get a high level principle and then get the details ... simplicity, diligence, process, accessible etc.

One component of diligence is timing

"roll the sleeves up working group session"

Two components: 100% within 5 business days

Definition of action—claim set up

This relates to diligence part

Need to look at different components

"Fairly settled"

"What is accessible?"

"How communicated"

Could move in this direction if we don't have data from members on what they are doing

Need to make sure people close to claims are in agreement with the approach we are taking, some are closer to this than we are; and that they are in agreement with the proposals

"Need an outline of what we are looking for in the principles" – can have an outline of a principle, then can get into the details later

Need to show Board some progress

Need to show at least an outline of what the principles are

#### **FOR EXAMPLE:**

Claims – principles will address immediate, fairness, claims procedure

Experience—timing for action, timing for settlement

Fairness—need to figure that out

Procedure—has to be developed by insurer, has to be made public (what does that mean?), etc.

Simplicity—language principles etc.

Rob will take a crack at doing this initial outline for this Thursday, 9 January 2020 meeting

Should probably have a meeting with SMEs on complaints and claims to review the recommendations thus far by this Workstream

First need to develop an outline

FCAC definition of complaint is too broad

Probably need to be cautious about using their definition

Want to eliminate complaints that should not be captured like branch lineup is too long

## **EMAIL FROM MARTIN BOYLE, 8 January 2020**

This email is a follow up to our conversation this afternoon. There was consensus that this workstream has been hampered by a lack of input/information from other CAFII members as well as a lack of participation from claims and complaints SMEs. We discussed (for now) focusing on aspects of the work that weren't dependent on the information and details from other members. This would include building out an outline of principles for claims and complaints and the expectations in terms of what we would like to see addressed (rather than the specific details for the high-level principles). Based upon what we have heard from the regulators and what the workstream has put together so far, I suggested that the following outlines for the high-level principles could be used as a basis to move forward:

## Claims Ps will address the following areas

- a) Expedience
  - SLA related to timing of actioning of claim
  - SLA related to timing of settlement
  - Other commitments...
- b) Fairness (content TBD)
- c) Procedure
  - Commitment re development of claims policy
  - Commitment re making public and available (methods its communicated and made available to customers/public)
  - Commitment re language and "readability"
  - Other commitments...

#### Complaints Ps will address the following areas

- a) Definition of complaint (or the regulatory framework that applies to group insurance complaints)
- b) Expedience
  - SLAs related to timing
  - Other commitments...
- c) Fairness (content TBD)
- d) Procedure
  - Commitment re development of complaint handling policy
  - Commitment re making public and available (methods its communicated and made available to customers/public)
  - Commitment re language and "readability"
  - Other commitments...

Hope that this helps.

Martin

## **7 November 2019**

Asked for Claims and Complaints SME

CUMIS will try to find a claims SME

Still need a SME from complaints

Request to send information to Keith on parameters / analytics around claims handling

Floating industry SLA as an idea, need to hear from individual members on this

Martin will look at complaints SME

**Jamie Paradis BMO Insurance** 

**Isabelle West BMO Insurance** 

Action Item	Wording Excerpt Reference From 3	Number Reference, 3
	October, 2019 Thought Starter	October Thought Starter
The industry commits to have a written policy around the claims process, with SLAs that will be communicated to policyholders, including that claims will typically be settled in 30 days or less.	Claims Handling and Settlement, from CCIR / CISRO FTC Guidance, p. 26: "CCIR and CISRO expect claims to be examined diligently and fairly settled, using a simple and accessible procedure."	25 9 October 2019 This is tablestakes already. SLAs are already communicated to clients May not be consistent SLA of 30 days Acknowledge claims form Within 60 days identify anything missing Can firms let us know what their parameters are right now?  October 17 Need a claims SME or two to provide expert opinion.  Most claims SLAs are around initiation and action so could look at something like "x % of claims will be actioned within y days"
See Item #25.	Claims examination and settlement, from AMF Sound Commercial Practices Guideline, p. 17: "The AMF expects that claims are examined diligently and settled fairly, using a procedure that is simple and accessible to claimants."	26

Action Item	Wording Excerpt Reference From 3	Number Reference, 3
	October, 2019 Thought Starter	October Thought Starter
The industry commits to a simple and accessible complaints procedure that includes SLAs and escalation points, and a definition of what a complaint is. The industry commits to applying applicable complaints expectations set	Complaints Handling and Dispute Resolution, from CCIR / CISRO FTC Guidance, p. 27: "CCIR and CISRO expect complaints to be examined diligently and fairly, using a simple and accessible procedure."  Complaint Examination and Dispute Resolution, from AMF Sound Commercial	#27 and #28
out in Quebec Regulation 141 nationally.	Practices Guideline, p. 18: "The AMF expects that complaints are examined diligently and fairly, using a procedure that is simple and accessible to consumers."	
Industry should define specifically what is a complaint, and develop written SLAs to respond to them (see Items #27 and #28).	Controls for sales practices; Consumer complaints. From Financial Consumer Agency of Canada (FCAC)'s Domestic Bank Retail Sales Practices Review, p. 21: "Currently, banks resolve approximately 90 to 95 percent of consumer complaints at the first point of contact as part of providing good customer service. However, complaints resolved at this level are generally not logged into a central database because of technological constraints or inadequate policies and procedures."	#29 What do we want to track? Want to track issues associated with consent; claim denial 17 OCTOBER 2019 Definition of a complaint— from RBC: Any dissatisfaction whether justified or not with respect to a product or service or the manner in which the product or service is offered, sold or provided. THIS DEFINITION ABOVE COMES FROM C-86 NEED AN SME OR TWO ON COMPLAINTS AND SLAS TO JOIN GROUP AND PROVIDE EXPERT INPUT

## Workstream G

Workstream #12 Protection of Personal Information; and #13 Relationships with Regulatory Authorities

Items #30, 31, 32

## **Workstream G Members**

Name	Member Company
Martin Boyle	BMO Insurance
Andrea Stuska	TD Insurance
Brad Kuiper	ScotiaLife Financial
Brendan Wycks	CAFII

**Spokesperson: Andrea Stuska** 

October meeting—Spokesperson: Brendan for Andrea Stuska

## 7 June 2019

Have held two meetings

Good practices are already in place

Point to the things already being done / that industry adheres to (FCT, AMF Sound Commercial

Practices, PIPEDA, IAIA Core Principles)

Demonstrate how report and monitor

How maintain relationship with regulators—provide those examples

Action Item	Wording Excerpt Reference From 3	Number Reference, 3
Indicate that the industry will adhere to all legislation and regulation around privacy. Speak to internal members' privacy experts to see what are the international best practices, and what the future of privacy expectations are likely to be, and explore committing to requirements that go beyond existing legislative and regulatory requirements.	Wording Excerpt Reference From 3 October, 2019 Thought Starter  Protection of Personal Information, from CCIR/CISRO FTC Guidance, p. 28: "CCIR and CISRO expect protection of confidentiality of personal information policies and procedures adopted by Insurers or intermediaries to ensure compliance with legislation relating to privacy protection and to reflect best practices in this area."  Protection of Personal Information, from AMF Sound Commercial Practices Guideline, p. 19: "The AMF expects that the protection of confidentiality of personal information policy adopted by a financial institution ensures compliance with the provisions of An Act respecting the protection of personal information in the private sector and reflects best practices in this area."	Number Reference, 3 October Thought Starter #30 and #31

Industry can commit to
"promptly advise
regulatory authorities if
they are likely to sustain
serious harm due to a
major operational incident
that could jeopardize the
interests or rights of
customers and the
insurer's or the
intermediary's reputation."
Will review OSFI's cyber-
security breaches reporting
expectations and see if
some of those expectations
can be applied here.

Relationships with Regulatory Authorities, from CCIR/CISRO FTC Guidance, p. 12:
"With regard to regulatory authorities, insurers and intermediaries are expected to -make available their strategies, policies, and procedures dealing with the fair treatment of customers; -promptly advise regulatory authorities if they are likely to sustain serious harm due to a major operational incident that could jeopardize the interests or rights of customers and the insurer's or the intermediary's reputation."

#32

## Members of the Working Group on Credit Protection Insurance Industry Best Practices

## **BMO** Insurance

Martin Boyle, EOC Chair, BMO Insurance, Co-Chair of the Working Group Greg Caers Rebecca Saburi

## **RBC Insurance**

Karyn Kasperski, Co-Chair of the Working Group

#### **Assurant**

**Rob Dobbins** 

## **Canada Life Assurance**

Sharon Apt

## **Canadian Premier Life/Valeyo**

Dana Easthope Asma Desai, Canadian Premier Life

## **CUMIS/The Co-operators**

Michelle Costello

## **CIBC Insurance**

Joanna Onia Parminder Rai

## **Desjardins Financial Security**

Isabelle Choquette Nathalie Baron

## **Manulife Financial**

Monika Spudas

## **National Bank Insurance**

Michele Jeanneau Luce Doyon Marie Nadeau Caroline Cardinal Audrey Delage

## **ScotiaLife Financial**

Brad Kuiper Denzyl Monteiro

## **TD Insurance**

Jeremy Flanagan Andrea Stuska Scott Kirby Kathy Hawkins Hassan Khawaja

## Staff

Brendan Wycks, CAFII Co-Executive Director Keith Martin, CAFII Co-Executive Director

## **MEETINGS OF THE WORKING GROUP**

## Participants 17 October, 2019 1-2pm

Greg Caers BMO
Marie Nadeau National Bank
Rebecca Saburi BMO
Karyn Kasperski RBC and Chair
Monica Spudas Manulife
Brad Kuiper Scotiabank
Scott Kirby TD
Sharon Apt Canada Life
Jeremy Flanagan TD Insurance
Rob Dobbins Assurant
Joanna Onia CIBC
Parm Rai CIBC

## **Participants 7 November 2019**

Martin Boyle, Co-Chair
Karyn Kasperski, Co-Chair
Greg Caers, BMO Insurance
Monika Spudas, Manulife Financial
Michelle Costello, CUMIS Services Inc.
Marie Nadeau, National Bank Insurance
Andrea Stuska, TD Insurance
Rob Dobbins, Assurant
Kathy Hawkins, TD Insurance
Rebecca Sapuri, BMO Insurance
Brendan Wycks, CAFII
Keith Martin, CAFII

## **NEXT STEPS ACTIONS GENERAL 7 NOVEMBER 2019**

- 1. Workstream B to meet to divide up this Workstream
- 2. Workstream B to look at where sales incentives would fit in Workstream B
- 3. Workstream C Outsourcing section to meet to develop Workplan
- 4. Call a meeting on Workstream D
- 5. Workstream E another meeting needed
- 6. Workstream F need claims and complaints SME